

# INFORMATION SHARING AGREEMENT



**INFORMATION SHARING AGREEMENT (ISA)**

**BETWEEN**

**Hampshire Constabulary**

**AND**

**Isle of Wight Council  
Version 1.0**

<b>Date Agreement comes into force:</b>	21/02/2019
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## 1. INTRODUCTION

- i. Hampshire Constabulary are committed to tackling Crime and Disorder and safeguarding citizens across Hampshire and work, on a regular basis, with members of Isle of Wight Council in order to make the Isle of Wight safer.
- ii. In pursuance of Section 41(1) of the Police Reform Act 2002, the Chief Officer can enter into an arrangement, which enables employees to apply for the accreditation under the Community Safety Accreditation Scheme (CSAS), with an organisation. The Chief Officer invites participation and partnership with organisations to work together to develop and implement a strategy and tactics for crime reduction.
- iii. This agreement is designed to facilitate the exchange of relevant information in order to comply with the statutory duty on Chief Police Officers to implement crime reduction strategies and to maintain a formal line of communication for information sharing between the two parties.
- iv. This agreement should also be used to further clarify any current arrangements.
- v. The disclosures originating from this Agreement will comply with The General Data Protection Regulations (GDPR) (2016/679), the Data Protection Act 2018 and all applicable laws and regulations relating to the processing of personal data and privacy, including where applicable the guidance and codes of practice issued by the Information Commissioner's Office. The schedules form part of this agreement and shall have effect as if set out in full in the body of this agreement.

## 2. PURPOSE

- i. This agreement sets out the framework for the sharing of personal data between the parties. It defines the principles and procedures that the parties shall adhere to and the responsibilities the parties owe to each other.
- ii. This agreement is in place to inform the reasons and methods of sharing, sharing for other purposes and other information is not covered by this agreement.
- iii. The purpose of this agreement is to enable the sharing of information between Hampshire Constabulary and Isle of Wight Council in support of a CSAS accredited ranger scheme. It will incorporate measures aimed at:
  - Facilitating a coordinated approach that targets crime and anti-social behaviour.
  - Establishing and maintaining a formal line of communication for information sharing and improving inter-agency relationships.
  - Enabling CSAS accredited rangers, employed by Isle of Wight Council, to function as efficiently as possible through the collection and exchange of relevant information.
- iv. Data can only be used for the purpose shared and cannot be shared to third parties without written permission. Information that may prejudice an ongoing investigation will not be shared unless there is an overriding safety requirement.

## 3. STATUTORY POWERS TO PROCESS PERSONAL DATA

The principle legislative instruments that provide powers to lawfully share information under this agreement are:

- i. **The Human Rights Act 1998:** Hampshire Constabulary (HC) as a public authority is duty bound to act in compliance with the Act. Article 8 states that everyone has a right to respect for his private and family life, home and correspondence by a public authority. Interference of this right by HC is not in contravention of the Act if it is in accordance with the law and is necessary, justified and proportionate in a democratic society in the interests of:

- Public Safety;
- National Security;
- Prevention of crime and disorder;
- Protecting the rights and freedoms of others.

- ii. **Code of Practice on the Management of Police Information (MoPI) 2005:**

4.8. Sharing of police information outside the UK police service:

*“Chief Officers may arrange for other persons or bodies within the UK or overseas to receive police information where the chief officer is satisfied that it is reasonable and lawful to do so for the purposes set out at Section 2.2.2. In deciding what is reasonable, chief officers must have regard to any guidance issued under this Code.”*

For the purposes of this Code, police purposes are:

- Protecting life and property,
- Preserving order,
- Preventing the commission of offences,
- Bringing offenders to justice, and
- Any duty or responsibility of the police arising from common or statute law.

- iii. **Anti-Social Behaviour Act 2003**

- iv. **Crime and Disorder Act 1998 (Section 115)**

- v. There are other pieces of legislation that place powers or duties to share information on public authorities – this list is not meant to be exhaustive. All information sharing must be conducted in accordance with one or more of the legal powers / duties.

- vi. Each party shall ensure that it processes the Shared Personal Data fairly and lawfully and ensure that it processes the Shared Personal Data on a lawful basis.

- vii. **Sharing personal data for under the General Data Protection Regulation (under Part 2 of the Data Protection Act 2018):**

Where the sharing of personal data is between the Hampshire Constabulary and other Non-Competent Authorities; or the sharing is for a non-Law Enforcement Purpose, the following lawful bases apply for the processing of personal data:

Personal Data:

- Processing is necessary for the performance of a task carried out in the public interest or in the exercise of official authority vested in the parties.

Special categories of personal data and for non-Competent Authorities to process criminal data:

- Preventing/detecting unlawful acts.

## 4. PROCESS

- i. This agreement has been formulated to facilitate the exchange of information between partners. It is, however, incumbent on all partners to recognise that any information shared must be justified on the merits of each case.

### 4.1 THE AGREEMENT

- i. This ISA applies to any personal or confidential information, irrespective of the medium in which it is held e.g. paper based, electronic, images or disc. Legal advice on this agreement should be sought in any case of doubt. It should be applied while following established and agreed processes within the signatory organisations.
- ii. Should the police become aware of any specific information that would lead to concern over personal safety for the CSAS accredited person they will endeavour to inform all relevant parties accordingly.
- iii. By signing up to this agreement, signatories are committed to a positive approach to information sharing, and agree to meet the outlined commitments and processes.
- iv. It is the responsibility of each signatory to ensure that:
  - Information shared is in accordance with the law
  - Appropriate staff training and awareness sessions are provided in relation to this agreement, and that their organisation abides by the Golden Rules for information sharing (see **Appendix A**).
  - Information is shared responsibly and in accordance with professional and ethical standards.
  - Any restrictions on the sharing of the information contained in the disclosure, in addition to those contained within this agreement, should be clearly noted. Information exchanges and refusals are recorded in such a way as to provide an auditable record.
  - Each partner must appoint a Single Point Of Contact (SPoC). The sharing of information must only take place where it is proportionate, necessary and legally justified.
  - Requests and replies may be communicated via e-mail should the recipient subscribe to an encrypted email server (pnn, gsi, cjsm, nhs.net and gcsx).
  - This agreement does not give agencies an automatic right to receive or provide information. It is a process for information sharing in cases in where it is suitable to do so.
  - Hampshire Constabulary may request a copy of the partner's information security policy (where it exists) when sensitive personal data is to be shared.
  - This agreement may be published on the Hampshire Constabulary external websites for the purposes of openness regarding information sharing within the Constabulary.

### 4.2 HOW / WHAT INFORMATION WILL BE SHARED

- i. To prevent irrelevant or excessive information being disclosed, the type of information that may be shared by Hampshire Constabulary under the terms of this agreement may consist of any

information the organisations can justify as necessary and proportionate to target and reduce crime and disorder; such as:

- Information relating to individuals involved in anti-social behaviour, including names, age, relevant Record Management System (RMS) warning markers and any relevant Anti-Social Behaviour (ASB) hotspots or activities,
- Relevant information available on SafetyNet+,
- Information relating to vulnerable people, such as names, age, relevant RMS warning markers and the reason for vulnerability,
- Information relating to stolen vehicles,
- Information supplied in the daily briefings (unless evaluated as not suitable for sharing with partner agencies).
- Custody photos (where relevant and necessary)
- Relevant intelligence.

ii. Information will generally be shared between partners through the following methods:

- SafetyNet+
- Verbal, face to face sharing
- Winzip (Password protected transfer)
- Secure email (e.g. .pnn, .cjsm).

### iii. **The Disclosure of Photographs**

Custody photos are not regularly shared, but where such sharing takes place it shall be through SafetyNet+ or physical hand-to-hand sharing.

Photographs/images will only be disclosed against a signature of the designated person(s) and dated. Only the image, name and date of birth will be disclosed. At the time of disclosure a review date will be set. The review date will be determined in consideration with the level of risk an individual poses. The Police Liaison Officer will, prior to this date and in order to comply with audit controls, collect all circulated images.

The photographs/images will be reviewed at a maximum of 12 months from the date they were last updated and be returned to the owner if no longer required or relevant.

Should an identification using a photograph/image be made, which results in legal process, then that photograph/image must be seized and retained as evidence in accordance with the Police and Criminal Evidence Act 1984 and Criminal Procedures and Investigations Act 1996.

Where information or a photo about a person under 18 is being considered the threshold for satisfying the above criteria will be much higher and it is anticipated that sharing will only occur in exceptional circumstances. For example: A prolific offender having a significant negative impact; high likelihood of re-offending; sharing is most likely to prevent re-offending; and the disclosure is in the significant public interest.

vi. The listed signatories will share any information deemed necessary to prevent and detect crime and safeguard the public.

#### 4.3 CONSTRAINTS ON THE USE OF INFORMATION

- i. Any data will only be used for the specific purpose for which it is shared, and recipients will not release information to any third party without obtaining the express written authority of the disclosing partner, including requests from the public, disclosure within judicial proceedings and safeguarding forums.
- ii. All information that is disclosed under this agreement remains the property of the original data owner.
- iii. Information will not be shared where disclosure would prejudice ongoing criminal proceedings unless there is an overriding safety requirement to do so.
- iv. This Agreement does not constitute an overarching permission for the broad, comprehensive or unchallenged sharing of Personal Data. It provides a framework for the sharing of Information which aligns with the objectives set out below.

#### 4.4 RESTRICTIONS ON INFORMATION SUPPLIED

- i. Personal data will only be used for the specific purpose for which it was obtained.
- ii. The recipient of the information is required to store records securely utilising current processes and should retain only as long as necessary. All data provided to or collected by the partner, including information collected in pocket notebooks, should be securely destroyed after five years. Files containing information from partner sources will be reviewed and deleted in line with Force policy.

#### 4.5 REVIEW OF THE INFORMATION SHARING AGREEMENT

- i. This ISA will be reviewed, as a minimum, 6 months after its implementation and every two years thereafter. The ISA should always be reviewed if listed signatory organisations change. Any changes will be signed and verified by the Joint Information Management Unit.

### 5. BREACHES

- i. Any breaches of security, confidentiality or other violations of shared data must be reported to the owning agency as soon as possible and in any case within 24 hours.
- ii. Any breach of information by a signatory partner is their responsibility. Each agency is accountable for any misuse of information supplied and the consequences of such misuse. Any disclosure of information by an employee made in bad faith, or for motives of personal gain, will be the subject of an internal inquiry and be treated as a serious matter.
- iii. The parties shall provide reasonable assistance as is necessary to each other to facilitate the handling of any data security breach. In the event of a dispute or claim brought by a data subject or the Data Protection Authority concerning the processing of Shared Personal Data against either or both parties; the parties will inform each other about any such disputes or claims, and will cooperate with a view to settling them amicably in a timely fashion.

## 6. SIGNATURES

- i. All agencies that are part of the information sharing process will be, upon signing this agreement, bound to comply with its terms.
- ii. Breaches of this agreement will lead to a review and possible termination of this agreement (including the destruction of all previously shared information).
- iii. Hampshire Constabulary Information Management and Information Security Teams will be granted reasonable access to undertake an audit to ensure compliance with this agreement. The signatory can exercise its right under this agreement to audit compliance in relation to its own information shared with the Constabulary.
- iv. Any signatory to this agreement may withdraw on giving written notice to the other Signatories. The withdrawing signatory will be bound to comply with those relevant terms of this agreement, which remain effective following withdrawal.
- v. Where the Chief Executive or Director leaves the organisation, it is not a requirement to re-sign the ISA. If a signatory changes, contact details of the new SPoC must be circulated in writing to all parties.

## **APPENDIX A: GOLDEN RULES FOR INFORMATION SHARING**

- Confirm the identity of the person you are sharing with
- Obtain consent to share if safe, appropriate and feasible to do so
- Confirm the reason the information is required
- Be fully satisfied that it is necessary to share
- Check with a manager/specialist or seek legal advice if you are unsure
- Do not share more information than is necessary
- Inform the recipient if any of the information is potentially inaccurate or unreliable
- Ensure that the information is shared safely and securely
- Be clear with the recipient how the information will be used
- Record what information is shared, when, with whom, and why; and if you decide not share record your reason.